



INDUSTRIAL Shutter

Anti-burglary roller shutters



A VERSATILE solution for every company.

Industrial shutters not only increase the security level of your building but are an excellent space-saving solution for any activity related to the storage of goods and the storage of vehicles.

Overview ↗



Features

100% safe
Wear-free
Convenient solutions for motorisation
Reliable burglar protection
No encumbrance on the ground
Absence of springs
Low maintenance requirements

Applications

Logistics
Warehouses
GDO
Garages
Industrial garages
Parking lots



Unauthorized access

The GLG roller shutters are 100% burglary-proof, that is, burglary-proof. In fact, they are installed to protect industrial zones intended only for authorized personnel or in commercial contexts.



Burglar protection

The robust aluminium or steel structure of the GLG roller shutters protects industrial buildings and commercial activities from any attempt of intrusion and burglary, ensuring at the same time very high performance during the normal performance of everyday activities.

What more can you want?

Small footprint, maintenance to a minimum.

The section of the insulated curved profile allows a higher winding with a small footprint, effective and very quiet during the movement of the damper. The direct drive tube used for rolling the damper (with aluminium or double wall steel panel sections) does not require any spring system, This in fact allows a decrease in maintenance with a considerable saving in economic terms.

We increase the level

More protection!

The safety shore and the integrated photocell barrier to the structure increase the safety level of the damper even more, blocking its closure in case of sudden obstacles or impediments.



The spiral winding system allows a high thermal-acoustic insulation and an even smaller footprint.

QUESTION

1. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?
A. \$130,000
B. \$100,000
C. \$70,000
D. \$170,000

ANSWER

1. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
	Explanation: Taxable income is calculated as net income divided by (1 - tax rate). In this case, \$100,000 / (1 - 0.30) = \$142,857. However, the correct answer is C, which suggests a different interpretation or a typo in the question.

2. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

3. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

4. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

QUESTION

1. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?

ANSWER

1. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
	Explanation: Taxable income is calculated as net income divided by (1 - tax rate). In this case, \$100,000 / (1 - 0.30) = \$142,857. However, the correct answer is C, which suggests a different interpretation or a typo in the question.

2. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

3. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

4. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

5. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

6. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

7. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?	C. \$70,000
---	-------------

QUESTION

1. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?

2. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?

3. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?

4. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?

5. A company has a net income of \$100,000 and a tax rate of 30%. What is the company's taxable income?

Explanation: Taxable income is calculated as net income divided by (1 - tax rate). In this case, \$100,000 / (1 - 0.30) = \$142,857. However, the correct answer is C, which suggests a different interpretation or a typo in the question.



Account

Register to download brochure and dwg **complete**

PLAN



Enter the GLG world

Register now

Join our community by registering on our portal to access a number of useful features for your future purchases.

www.glgdoors.com

